## Food and Drug Administration, HHS

- (2) Weight loss on heating at 950 °C for 7 minutes (predried for 1 hour at 125 °C), not more than 2 percent.
- (3) Ash content, not more than 0.15 percent.
- (4) Arsenic (total), not more than 3 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg) (3 parts per million).
- (5) Lead (total), not more than 10 mg/kg (10 parts per million).
- (6) Mercury (total), not more than 1 mg/kg (1 part per million).
- (7) Total sulfur, not more than 0.65 percent.
- (8) Total PAHs, not more than 0.5 mg/ kg (500 parts per billion).
- (9) Benzo[a]pyrene, not more than 0.005 mg/kg (5 parts per billion).
- (10) Dibenz[a,h]anthracene, not more than 0.005 mg/kg (5 parts per billion).
- (11) Total color (as carbon), not less than 95 percent.
- (c) Uses and restrictions. D&C Black No. 2 may be safely used for coloring the following cosmetics in amounts consistent with current good manufacturing practice: Eyeliner, brush-onbrow, eye shadow, mascara, lipstick, blushers and rouge, makeup and foundation, and nail enamel.
- (d) Labeling. The label of the color additive shall conform to the requirements of §70.25 of this chapter.
- (e) Certification. All batches of D&C Black No. 2 shall be certified in accordance with regulations in part 80 of this chapter.

[69 FR 44930, July 28, 2004, as amended at 72 FR 10357]

# § 74.2053 D&C Black No. 3.

- (a) *Identity*. The color additive D&C Black No. 3 is a washed bone char prepared from calcined cattle bones. The bones are twice heated in excess of 700 °C for at least 6 hours.
- (b) Specifications. D&C Black No. 3 shall conform to the following specifications and shall be free from impurities other than those named, to the extent that such other impurities may be avoided by current good manufacturing practices:
- (1) Calcium hydroxyapatite (CaO and  $P_2O_5$ ), not less than 75 percent and not more than 84 percent;
- (2) Elemental carbon, not less than 7 percent:

- (3) Moisture, not more than 7 percent;
- (4) Silica ( $SiO_2$ ), not more than 5 percent:
- (5) Arsenic, not more than 3 milligrams (mg)/kilogram (kg) (3 parts per million (ppm));
- (6) Lead, not more than 10 mg/kg (10 ppm); and
- (7) Total polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), not more than 5 mg/kg (5 ppm).
- (c) Uses and restrictions. Cosmetics containing D&C Black No. 3 must comply with §700.27 of this chapter with respect to prohibited cattle materials in cosmetic products. D&C Black No. 3 may be safely used for coloring the following cosmetics in amounts consistent with current good manufacturing practice: Eyeliner, eye shadow, mascara, and face powder.
- (d) Labeling. The label of the color additive shall conform to the requirements of §70.25 of this chapter.
- (e) Certification. All batches of D&C Black No. 3 shall be certified in accordance with regulations in part 80 of this chapter.

[72 FR 33666, June 19, 2007]

#### §74.2101 FD&C Blue No. 1.

(a) Identity. The color additive FD&C Blue No. 1 is principally the disodium salt of ethyl[4-[p-[ethyl(msulfobenzyl)amino]- $\alpha$ -(osulfophenyl)benzylidene]-2,5cyclohexadien-1-ylidene](msulfobenzyl)ammonium hydroxide inner salt with smaller amounts of the isomeric disodium salts of ethyl[4-[p- $[ethyl(p-sulfobenzyl)amino]-\alpha-(o$ sulfophenyl)benzylidene]-2,5cyclohexadien-1-ylidene](psulfobenzyl)ammonium hydroxide inner salt and ethyl[4-[p-[ethyl(osulfobenzyl)amino]-α-(osulfophenyl)benzylidene]-2,5cyclohexadien-1-ylidene](osulfobenzyl)ammonium hydroxide inner salt. Additionally, FD&C Blue No. 1 is manufactured by the acid catalyzed condensation of one mole of sodium 2-formylbenzenesulfonate with two moles from a mixture consisting principally 3of [(ethylphenylamino)methyl] benzenesulfonic acid, and smaller amounts  $\circ$ f 4-

### §74.2104

[(ethylphenylamino)methyl] benzenesulfonic acid and 2 [(ethylphenylamino)methyl]

benzenesulfonic acid to form the leuco base. The leuco base is then oxidized with lead dioxide and acid, or with dichromate and acid, or with manganese dioxide and acid to form the dye. The intermediate sodium 2-formylbenzenesulfonate is prepared from 2-chlorobenzaldehyde and sodium sulfite.

- (b) Specifications. (1) The color additive FD&C Blue No. 1 shall conform in specifications to the requirements of §74.101(b).
- (2) FD&C Blue No. 1 Aluminum Lake shall be prepared in accordance with the requirements of §82.51 of this chapter.
- (c) Uses and restrictions. (1) FD&C Blue No. 1 may be safely used for coloring cosmetics generally, including cosmetics intended for use in the area of the eye, in amounts consistent with current good manufacturing practice.
- (2) FD&C Blue No. 1 Aluminum Lake may be safely used for coloring cosmetics intended for use in the area of the eye, in amounts consistent with current good manufacturing practice.
- (d) Labeling. The label of the color additive shall conform to the requirements of §70.25 of this chapter.
- (e) Certification. All batches of FD&C Blue No. 1 shall be certified in accordance with regulations in part 80 of this chapter.

[47 FR 42565, Sept. 28, 1982, as amended at 58 FR 17511, Apr. 5, 1993; 59 FR 7638, Feb. 16,

# §74.2104 D&C Blue No. 4.

- (a) Identity and specifications. The color additive D&C Blue No. 4 shall conform in identity and specifications to the requirements of  $\S74.1104(a)(1)$  and (b).
- (b) Uses and restrictions. D&C Blue No. 4 may be safely used for coloring externally applied cosmetics in amounts consistent with good manufacturing practice.
- (c) Labeling. The label of the color additive shall conform to the requirements of §70.25 of this chapter.
- (d) Certification. All batches of D&C Blue No. 4 shall be certified in accord-

ance with regulations in part 80 of this chapter.

#### § 74.2151 D&C Brown No. 1.

- (a) *Identity*. The color additive D&C Brown No. 1 is a mixture of the sodium salts of 4[[5-[(dialkylphenyl)- azo]-2,4-dihydroxyphenyl]azo]-benzene sulfonic acid. The alkyl group is principally the methyl group.
- (b) Specifications. D&C Brown No. 1 shall conform to the following specifications and shall be free from impurities other than those named to the extent that such other impurities may be avoided by good manufacturing practice:

Sum of volatile matter (at 135 °C) and chlorides and sulfates (calculated as sodium salts), not more than 16 percent.

Water-insoluble matter, not more than 0.2 percent.

Sulfanilic acid, sodium salt, not more than 0.2 percent.

Resorcinol, not more than 0.2 percent. Xvlidines, not more than 0.2 percent.

Disodium salt of 4[[5-[(4-sulfophenyl)-azo]-2,4-dihydroxyphenyl]azo] benzenesulfonic acid, not more than 3 percent.

Monosodium salt of 4[[5-[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)azo] -2,4-dihydroxyphenyl]azo] benzenesulfonic acid, not less than 29 percent and not more than 39 percent.

Monosodium salt of 4[5-(2,5-dimethylphenyl)azo] -2,4-dihydroxyphenyl]azo] benzenesulfonic acid, not less than 12 percent and not more than 17 percent.

Monosodium salt of 4[[5-[(2,3-dimethylphenyl)azo] - 2,4-dihydroxyphenyl]azo] benzenesulfonic acid, not less than 6 percent and not more than 13 percent.

Monosodium salt of 4[[5-[(2-ethylphenyl)-azo]-2,4-dihydroxyphenyl]-azo] benzenesulfonic acid, not less than 5 per-

cent and not more than 12 percent.

Monosodium salt of 4[[5-[(3,4-dimethylphenyl)azo] -2,4-dihydroxyphenyl]azo]
benzenesulfonic acid, not less than 3 per-

cent and not more than 9 percent.

Monosodium salt of 4[[5-[(2,6-dimethylphenyl)azo] -2,4-dihydroxyphenyl]azo]
benzenesulfonic acid, not less than 3 percent and not more than 8 percent.

cent and not more than 8 percent.

Monosodium salt of 4[[5-[(4-ethylphenyl) azo]-2,4-dihydroxyphenyl]-azo]
benzenesulfonic acid, not less than 2 per-

cent and not more than 8 percent. Lead (as Pb), not more than 20 parts per mil-

lion. Arsenic (as As), not more than 3 parts per

million. Mercury (as Hg), not more than 1 part per

million. Total color, not less than 84 percent.

# 422